

## 1976b Flat homology

(Bull. Amer. Math. Soc. 82 (1976), 118-120.).

For a scheme  $X$  over a field  $k$ , this article proves the existence of a flat homology complex that universally computes the flat cohomology of any constant commutative algebraic group over  $X$ . This partially confirms, and partially contradicts, a conjecture of Grothendieck (p. 316 of Grothendieck, A. Crystals and the de Rham cohomology of schemes. 1968 Dix Exposés sur la Cohomologie des Schémas pp. 306–358 North-Holland, Amsterdam; Masson, Paris). There were so many misprints in the statement of the conjecture that it was difficult to discern what it said, so I asked Grothendieck. He responded:

Thanks for your letter. Unfortunately, I have no copy left of my exposé on crystals and could not tell you what the correct reading would be. Anyhow, by the time I pondered first about these things, when the exposé was written, I rather suspected that the  $\text{Ext}^i$  were the same in the categories you call  $C_v$  and  $C^v$  respectively — so I guess if I made a choice, it was at random, or rather, there was probably a preference for the fppf  $\text{Ext}^i$  . . . .

See the next page.

Dear Milne,

Thanks for your letter. Unfortunately I have no copy left of my expose on crystals and could not tell you what the correct reading would be. Anyhow, by the time I pondered first about these things, when the expose was written, I rather suspected that the Ext's where the same in the categories you call  $C_p$  and  $C^p$  respectively - so I guess if I made a choice, it was at random; ~~of course~~, or rather, there was probably a preference for  $\text{Hom}$  Ext's, as they fitted into a simpler and more general context.

It's nice that you can prove the theorem with Ext's in  $\text{Pro } C_p$ ; ~~can't you take  $C_p$  instead~~ (X being pro over  $k$ )? To finish telling the

matter, it would be nice to give an example where there does not exist an complex of objects in  $C^p$  (or  $\text{pro-}C^p$ ) (probably resembling  $\text{Hom} \text{Ext}(X, -)$ ). What do you think about that? I guess there is a pb only if  $p = \text{co-}k$ ?

What you tell me about relation to  $\text{Hom}_{\text{Ext}}(X, -)$  sounds indeed familiar to me. I had discussed the matter a few years ago with Barry Mazur, who (if I remember correctly) even tried to prove the statement you suggest. Did you discuss the matter with him?

Although I more or less stopped doing research, I still would be grateful if you keep me informed.

wish of any advances you may make, and keep me  
in part of your rapidly increasing work.

Best wishes

Alexander Cothran

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